## In the Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet eonsisting essentially of comprising on a mass percent basis: 0.01% or less of C; 0.5% or less of Si; 0.3% or less of Mn; 0.01% to 0.04% of P; 0.01% or less of S; 8% to 30% of Cr; 1.0% or less of Al; 0.05% to 0.5% of Ti; 0.04% or less of N,  $8 \le \text{Ti/(C+N)} \le 30$  being satisfied; and being free of Nb, with the balance being substantially Fe and incidental impurities, wherein at least 50% of the total P content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates, a grain size number of ferrite grain is 6.0 or more, and an average diameter Dp of precipitations, each being [(a long axis length of a Ti base precipitate + a short axis length thereof)/2], of the Ti base precipitates in the steel sheet is in the range of from 0.05  $\mu$ m to 1.0  $\mu$ m.
- 2. (Original) The Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet according to Claim 1, wherein at least 50% of the total Ti content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates.
  - 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Previously Presented) The Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet according to one of Claims 1 to 2, wherein the steel sheet is a hot-rolled steel sheet.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet according to one of Claims 1 to 2, wherein the steel sheet is a cold-rolled steel sheet.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet comprising the steps of: hot-rolling steel which consists essentially of comprises on a mass percent basis: 0.01% or less of C; 0.5% or less of Si; 0.3% or less of Mn; 0.01% to 0.04% of P; 0.01% or less of S; 8% to 30% of Cr; 1.0% or less of Al; 0.05% to 0.5% of Ti; 0.04% or less of N, 8 ≤ Ti/(C+N) ≤ 30 being satisfied; and being free of Nb, with the balance being substantially Fe and

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incidental impurities, for forming a hot-rolled steel sheet, and performing recrystallization annealing of the hot-rolled steel sheet at a temperature of (a precipitation nose temperature of Ti base precipitates  $\pm$  50°C) so that an average diameter Dp of precipitation diameters, each being [(a long axis length of a Ti base precipitate + a short axis length thereof)/2], of the Ti base precipitates in the steel sheet is in the range of from 0.05  $\mu$ m to 1.0  $\mu$ m and so that a grain size number of ferrite grain is 6.0 or more and such that at least 50% of the total P content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates.

- 7. (Original) The Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet according to Claim 6, wherein at least 50% of the total Ti content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates.
- 8. (Original) The Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet according to Claim 7, wherein at least 50% of the total P content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing a Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet, according to Claim 6, further comprising the steps of: cold-rolling the hot-rolled annealed steel sheet; and subsequently performing final annealing of the cold-rolled steel sheet at a temperature less than (the precipitation nose temperature of Ti base precipitates + 100°C) so that the average diameter Dp of precipitation diameters, each being [(a long axis length of a Ti base precipitate + a short axis length thereof)/2], of the Ti base precipitates is in the range of from 0.05 µm to 1.0 µm and so that the grain size number of ferrite grain is 6.0 or more.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing a Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet, according to Claim 9, wherein the final annealing is performed at a temperature less than (the precipitation nose temperature of Ti base precipitates + 50°C).

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- 11. (Original) The method for manufacturing a Ti-containing ferritic stainless steel sheet, according to Claim 9 or 10, wherein at least 50% of the total Ti content in the steel sheet is precipitated in the form of the Ti base precipitates.
  - 12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) The steel according to Claim 1, further comprising at least one of 0.3% or less of Ni, 0.3% or less of Cu, 0.3% or less of Co, 0.5% or less of Zr, 0.1% or less of Ca, 0.3% or less of Ta, 0.3% or less of W, 0.3% or less of V, 0.3% or less of Sn, 2.0% or less of Mo and 0.003% or less of Mg.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 6, wherein the sheet further comprises at least one of 0.3% or less of Ni, 0.3% or less of Cu, 0.3% or less of Co, 0.5% or less of Zr, 0.1% or less of Ca, 0.3% or less of Ta, 0.3% or less of W, 0.3% or less of V, 0.3% or less of Sn, 2.0% or less of Mo and 0.003% or less of Mg.